STRAINED RELATIONS

BETWEEN EMPEROR WILLIAM AND HIS CHANCELLOR

Vainly Searching for a Fit Successor to Rights

(Copyright by the Associated Press.) Berlin, October 9.-in spite of the semiofficial denials, the relations between the imperial chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, and Emperor William are very strained. The bill for reform and unification of the military penal code is still hanging fire, mainly in the direction of enlarging the in spite of the chancellor's declaration in the reichstag in 1895, that he would stand or fall with the measure, and the emperor's strong objection to publicity in the case of military trials remains

The Volka Zeitung says that the chancellor this week offered to resign for the fourth time, and that the chancellorship crisis is now in an acute state. The Cologne Gazette corroborates this. The Frankfurter Zeitung asserts that his majesty has been trying for months to find a suitable successor to Prince Hohenlohe. It appears, however, that all his attempts in this direction, especially among the princes of reigning

houses and other men of similar rank

with Prince Hohenlohe, have been fruit-

Prince Bismarck has repeatedly been appealed to to express himself on the subject of the government's naval plans, but the only opinion which he has vouchsafed was the statement which he made on October 4th, in the course of an interview with a representative of amined show a condition of more or The Schlesische Zeitung that he approved the strengthening of the navy by an increase in the number of cruisers, and by a replacement of the absolute battleships, but as deprecating a course calculated to alarm the tax payers by

The Socialist convention just ended at Hamburg, was a most important gathering. There were ever 200 delegates present, and they represented 2,250,000 votes. The proceedings have been widely criticised, and the conservative press claims that now the socialists remain strictly within their legal rights they have become more dangerous. The Hamburger Nachrichten, in an editorial article, urges the adoption of violent measures to suppress socialism. It advocates the abrogation of the general franchise at reichstag elections as being the best means of curtailing the political influence of the socialists. On the other hand, the liberal press claims that the convention has shown the socialists to be rapidly be coming purely a radical reform party. The Agrarian newspapers continue to

demand vigorous measures of retaliation against the United States on account of the passage of the Dingley bill, but the majority of the press is losing interest in the matter.

The decrease in the exports of sugar for the quarter just ended is even larger than was feared when the new United States tariff went into effect. In the military writings of Emperor William I., issued by order of the present emperor, there are many evidences that the old emperor severely cond-

emmed dueling in the army. A special session of the Evangelical consistory of the province of east Prussia has passed an almost unanimous vote of censure against the emperor because he has broken the Sunday rest law by Spain, has arrived at Washington. He

hunting in the forest of Rominten. Prince Bismarck, it appears, is now an that he is too old and stiff to take part in

enthusiastic admirer of the bicycle. He approves of women riding, and regrets with First Assistant Secretary Day, the sport himself.

Representatives in Germany of American manufactures, and the United States consuls in this country, have noticed lately a great deal of dishoesty upon the part of German manufacturers, especially at Chemnitz, Frankfort, Sonneberg and in the Rhine districts. Consul Monaghan, of Chemnitz, has just sent a report to Washington, giving the facts Kinley late this afternoon and furnishand names, not only in regard to imitating United States goods and patent infringements, but also regarding incor-rect invoices. Mr. Parker, a patent lawyer of Chicago, has begun suit in the German courts against a number of the worst offenders. Robert Grimshaw, representing a number of American iron and Spanish government. He probably will machine concerns, joins in the complaints. The favorite method of these dishonest German manufacturers and dealers is to obtain first, by contract, the exclusive representation of valuable American machines, and then to secure specimens of these machines. Next, they abandon all effort to sell any of them, but, instead they imitate them closely place machines on the market at two-thirds of the American prices. Some of these manufacturers have even had the boldness to enter the counterfeited articles and even the American articles themselves, enamelled over, at exhibitions here and elsewhere.

A Model Government for Cuba

Madrid, October 9 .-- The cabinet today held a four hours' session during which the decision previously arrived at regarding the recall from Cuba of Captain Genard Weyler was confirmed. El Heraldo makes the announcement that the captain general of Porto Rico will be appointed acting governor of Cuba pending the arrival of Marshal

In replying to a number of Cuban Newport News-Hampton Athletic senators who had effered their support | Club 32, Richmond College 9. to the government. Premier Sagasta sa that the government would devote itself before all else to the pacification of Cuba, and would then introduce in the island a model administration. The government, the premier added, considered that the pachication of Cuba would facil.

now is serious. Havana, October 9.-Following the anpointment of Marshal Blanco to succeed Captain General Weyler, the Marquis Palmerola, civil governor of Havana, and the other procheial governors have tendered their resignations.

A Railway Meeting Called

Chicago, October 9.-A call was issued today for a meeting of the southeastern lines to be held in Cincinnati, October 14th, for the purpose of considering winter tourist rates and the points to which they shall be applied. There is little likelihood that the roads running east from Chicago will follow the action of the northern roads, and raise the rates on eastbound grain and flour. They are of the opinion that too much of this ern Virgina." His speech had no polit- are caching their supplies preparatory traffic has been going east by the northern routes, and they are not willing to take action that might result in the loss | nished so many presidents to the naof any greater portion of it to them. It | tion. is likely that a meeting of the traffic officials of the eastern roads will be held in the near future to consider the action of the northern roads and to decide upon the best line of action for the roads out timonials prove it fulfills its mission of Chicago to pursue.

OUR NAVAL DRY DOCKS

The Report of the Board of Inspectors as to Needed Repairs of Those on the Atlantic Coast

Washington, October 9.-Secretary Long today made public the report of the special naval board charged with Prince Hohenlohe-Bismark Dodges the the duty of reporting upon the extent Question of Increase of the Navy-The of the repairs needed by the present Emperor Censured for Sabbath Breaking, wooden dry docks on the Atlantic Sugar Exports Decreasing-German Man- | coast, in order to make them immediufacturers Violating American Patent ately available for naval uses. The board recommends that all of these docks, five in number, viz: Two at New York, one at League island, one at Norfolk and one at Port Royal, S. C., be fitted with concrete entrances in place of those of timber, and that other alterations consequent upon this change be made as described in the report capacity of the docks and of making repairs of such a nature as to look to the gradual transformation of the docks into solid concrete docks of full capacity. Th estimated cost of these repairs is about \$240,000 each.

> The board says: "It is only a question of time before all of the timber docks named will have reached such a state as to be unfit for use, endangering ships in them from liability to a sudden ingress of water from collapse of their structures under the pressures about them. In all timber docks the most serious troubles are likely to occur at the entrances. Defects in other parts of the docks are usually accessible and can be repaired so long as the entrances and appurtenances be intact. with such an entrance and caisson in place, the rest of the structure and vessels in it are secure and but not before a full bench. repairs to it of any caracter can be made as required."

Touching the present condition of the docks, the board says: "All docks exless rapid deterioration of the material due to its perishable nature and, in lack of secure fastenings of the timbers. The most rapid deterioration apwhat the prince termed a "gigantic pears at Port Royal. The dock at Norfolk is in the worst condition and is now under expensive repairs. The three docks at League island, Norfolk and No. 2, at New York, being alike in dimensions, be enlarged by the same recommendation. This is that the entrances be enlarged to a width of seventy-two feet at the bottom sill, that the gate or caisson be lenghened correspondingly by twenty feet; that the cross section docks be widened by placing a concrete supporting wall along its sides to support the altars above and that the new entrance be made of concrete. All timber in the present floor of abuttments, except piles, to be replaced by concrete. The estimate for making these extensive changes is

\$286,556 for each dock." The work at Port Royal will be more extensive than the other points because of the necessity for supporting more extensively the wooden altars from below with concrete walls, but the estimate is still placed at \$240,300.

MR. HANNIS TAYLOR

Calls at the State Department and Whit House-He Gives His Views of State of Af fairs in Spain at Time of His Departure

Washington, October 9.-Hannis Taylor, late United States minister to called at the state department today and was in consultation for some time setting out such phases of the conditions of Spain as they existed at the date of his departure from Madrid as had not been touched upon in his official reports before being relieved by Minister Woodford.

Mr. Taylor called upon President Mced him with a brief review of the situation in Spain. In the course of the interview, it is believed, he advised the president of the probabilities of the recent cabinet change in Madrid effecting a change in the Cuban policy of the see the president again before leaving the city. He has submitted his final report. He will leave Thursday or Friday for New York and Boston, and on account of the yellow fever, probably will delay return to his home in Mobile, Ala., until November.

Foot Ball Yesterday New Haven-Yale 32, Williams' 0.

Philadelphia-Pennsylvania 58, Lehigh 0.

Annapolis-Princeton 28, Naval Academy 0.

Lexington, Va.-Virginia Military Institute 14, Columbia University 4. Cambridge, Mass.-Harvard 13, Dartmouth 0. West Point, N. Y .- Military Academy

12, Wesleyan 9. Athens, Ga.-University of Georgia 24, Clemson College (S. C.) 0. Chapel Hill, N. C .- University of North Carolina 16, Guilford College 0.

The Trial of Mrs Atkinson

Wheeling, W. Va., October 9.-The Atkinson trial is progressing. The defense introduced this afternoon several itate the restoration of peace in the witnesses whose testimony was along Philippine islands, where the situation the same line and of substantially the same character as that heretofore gi.en. Public interest certers in the from Skaguay and Dyea, Alaska. anticipated appearance of Mrs. Atkinson on the stand in her own behalf. Mrs. Atkinson is reported as saying tod'ay that in the event of a conviction, which she does not at all expect, she will not accept a pardon at the hands of the governor.

Hana the Guest of Honor

Chicago, October 9.- The annual banquet of the Marquette Club on "Chicago | creek, which is as rich as the Bonanza day" was held at the auditorium tonight, Senator Mark A. Hanna being | year will exceed any estimate ever the guest of honor. Mr. Hanna was down for a speech on "Ohio-the Mod- cabins in which to winter and others the modern Virginia in that it had fur-

The misssion of Hood's sarsaparrilla is to cure disease, and thousand of tes-

THE PRESIDENT DECLINES

THE INVITATION TO ATTEND OUR STATE FAIR

Negroes to Have Representation in Young Men's Republican League Convention. To Argue the Fertilizer Tax Case-An Expensive Acceptance of Furniture-State

(Special to The Messenger.) Raleigh, N. C., October 9.-Bailey, of 262. North Carolina, one of the promoters of the Young Men's Republican League, says that negroes shall be regular members of it; that they east their votes and ought to have some of the offices, and that he will not belong to the league unless negroes have some recognition. The league convention will meet in the senate chamber, and forty- maining under treatment 34. There are one counties will be represented.

Marshall Mott arrived this afternoon. He asked Otho Wilson: "Did I say too much about H. L. Grant?" Wilson replied: "No; for the provocation was too great in his saying you were a friend of Russell."

J. C. L. Harris left tonight for Washington to argue the fertilizer tax case before the United States supreme court. This is a case involving the legality of the tax. It was once before argued,

McKinley to attend the state fair. It point delayed. was signed by the governor, the president of the State Agricultural Society, the president of the Raleigh chamber of . en, who is at Austin, stating that he is certain instances, weakness due to the commerce, the mayor and the adjutant just in receipt of a telegram from Actgeneral. The president replies that it is impossible for him now to leave Wash- had diagnosed a case of yellow fever

> The state charters the Piedmont Clothing Company, of Charlotte, with \$30,000 capital.

The state board of agriculture's meeting during the fair to accept \$3,000 worth of furniture for the museum will

The state board of medical examiners is called by the state superintendent of public instruction to meet here October 29th, to prepare a course of reading for public schol teachers and to grade some papers of applicants for life cer-

H. L. Grant says he is not a candidate for republican state chairman and has no ambition in that direction. He did have, but his experience at state headquarters during the last campaign was such a revelation that he has no desire to assume the burden. This matter of the chairmanship was not mentioned at the various conferences with Senator Pritchard. Governor Russell's name was incidentally mentioned and his policy not discussed. Republicans simply ignore it. Grant says Marshall Mott is the only republican Russell can go to outside of those who are beneficiaries of his administration.

Henszey interest still controls the Cumnock mines. Langdon makes no bid. The property is worth \$200,000.

Baltimore Again Defeats Boston Baltimore, October 9.-If the newly fledged "Champions" do not take the next three games from the "three-time winners" the Temple cup will remain in Baltimore for another year, and the "have-beens" will get the big end of the gate money. For the fifth time in succession the Baltimoreans defeated the pennant-holders today, and as three of the games count in the contest for the silver trophy, it looks blue for the Boston contingent. In everything save the weather, today's game was in marked contrast to those in which the same teams fought for the pennant here two weeks ago. There was a small crowd, little enthusiasm, and the game itself was dull and uninteresting until the ninth inning, when it looked for a time as though the visitors might win. Heavy batting and ragged fielding, quite evenly distributed between both teams, characterized the contest. Attendance 2,626. Score: R. H. E. Baltimore... ... 65000100 *-12 14 3 Boston....000024320-11 16 3

Batteries-Nops, Corbett and Bowererman; Stivetts, Lewis and Yeager. Earned runs-Baltimore 3, Boston 6. Two-base hits-Keeler, Stenzel, Doyle, Lewis, Lowe, Stahl, Duffy. Three-base hits-Bowerman, Long. Stolen bases-Stahl, Long, Tenney, Lowe, Stenzel, Double plays-Doyle and Jennings; Stahl and Tenney. First base on balls-Off Nops 2, Corbett 3, Stivetts 3, Lewis 3. Hit by pitched ball-By Nops 1, by Stivetts 1. Struck out-By Nops 1, by Lewis 3, by Corbet: 2. Passed balls-Bowerman 3. Left on bases-Baltimore Boston 10. Time-2:30. Umpires-Hurst and Emslie.

Returning From Klondyke

Seattle, Wash., October 9.-The steamer Rosalie arrived here tonight Among the passengers were six from Dawson City, who came out over the Dalton trail. They were Pat Galvin and wife, Charles Shebo, C. E. Garrish, C. H. Davis and a man named Bede. They had about \$12,000 in nuggets between them. They left Dawson August 29th and arrived at Paines Mission September 23rd. They report that rich strikes have been made on Hunker of Eldorado. The total output this made. Many miners have completed ical significance. He spoke of Ohio as to leaving till next spring, when they will again try the pass.

Chapel Hill Defeats Guilford

(Special to The Messenger.) Chapel Hill, N. C., October 9.-In a the latter won by a score of 16 to 0.

NUMEROUS NEW CASES

Of Yellow Fever in New Orleans-Eighty Four New Cases and Eleven Deaths in Two Days-Reports From Other Infected | GREAT INTEREST BY BRITISH

New Orleans, October 9.-The fever situation is practically unchanged and new cases were numerous, coming from all parts of the city, the foci being widely distributed. This is the record Medical Examiners to Prepare Course for presented by the board of health to-Public School Teachers-Grant Not a Can night: Cases of yellow fever today 35, didate for State Committee Chairmans 1 ip deaths 6, cases to date 440, deaths to date 56, recovered 222, under treatment

> Edwards, Miss., October 9.-There has been one death from yellow fever, that of Mrs. Burtwalton, and seventeen new cases today; total to date 406, total deaths 20.

Mobile, Ala., October 9.-Five cases, three deaths and two recoveries is the yellow fever record for the twenty-four hours at noon today. Total cases to date 114, deaths 18, recoveries 62, retwo cases at Magazine point.

Biloxi, Miss., October 9.-The board of health's report is: yellow fever under treatment 93, new cases 15, cases to date 291, deaths to date 12.

Washington, October 9.-Surgeon General Wyman's bulletin covering the yellow fever situation for yesterday gives the following results: New Orleans 49 new cases, 5 deaths; Mobile 6 new cases, no deaths; Alco, Ala., 1 case, no deaths; Biloxi, Miss., 11 cases, 1 death: Ocean Springs, no cases and no deaths; Scranton, 11 cases and no deaths; Edwards, 13 cases and 4 deaths; Nitta Yuma, one case and no deaths; An invitation was sent to President reports from Clinton and Henderson's

Austin, Texas, October 9.-Governor Culberson tonight received a telegram from State Health Officer Swearinging Mayor Skinner, of Galveston, stating that United States Expert Guiteras there this afternoon. Dr. Swearingen wired that he was going to Galveston

Galveston, Texas, October 9 .- Dr. H. A. West, a member of the Galveston board of health and the nominal head of the board during the sickness of the city health physician, Dr. W. C. Fisher, tonight made the following announcement: "Dr. Guiteras has reported to Surgeon General Wyman that there are eight positive cases of yellow fever in Galveston. We (the local physicians of Galveston), held an informal meeting Saturday night to discuss matters. Some of the physicians do not agree with Dr. Guiteras, and they thought we should not submit to his opinion; others agreed with him. Some of the physicians did not feel that the facts justified the opinion that the

cases are yellow fever." Dr. Guiteras would not give out his report Saturday night, but through Dr. West it was learned that Dr. Guiteras thought the disease would not be widespread or of a virulent char-

Dr. C. W. Trueheart, who has been through several yellow fever epidemics. says: "I have examined two of the cases which Dr. Guiteras considered suspicious, and I saw not the slightest trace of yellow fever. I have found no symptoms of yellow fever in my practice, and I do not believe it exists in Galveston today."

There is every indication that if the disease is yellow fever it is only of a very mild type and will be attended with little or no mortality. There have been no deaths here from dengue fever.

The Henry George Combination

New York, October 9.-After a meeting of the campaign committee selected by Henry George had been concluded at the Union Square hotel after 11 o'clock tonight a statement explaining the combination of the George ticket in New York county, with that of the citizens union was made public. It says: "The purpose of the men associated under the name of the democracy of Thomas Jefferson is two-fold. Primarily, they desire to elect Henry George mayor of Greater New York. To this end they will insist that every personal interest shall be subordinated. Secondarily, they propose to fight with every weapon at their disposal the domination of the democratic party of Greater New York by those un-democratic forces of which Richard Croker is the personification, and through the influence of which that party which in its essential should be party of the people, has become, in New York city at any rate, the political weapon of the privileged classes. The defeat of Tammany is the triumph of democracy. The defeat of Platt is the triumph of those who prefer republicanism, which had its origin with the men who nominated Abraham Lincoln for the presidency of the United States.

Extreme Weakness

"I was so weak I could hardly walk across my room. I had no appetite. 1 began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and before I had taken it many days my appetite was improving and I felt stronger. I continued its use until I was able to work. Hood's Sarsaparilla has also relieved me of asthma." S. A. Morris, Mesic, N. C.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

The Monetary Commission Washington, October 9.-The monetary commission will reconvene in this

city on Monday. During the recess the sub-comisittee on metallic currency, consisting of C. Stewart Patterson, of Philadelphia: Professor Laughlin, of Chicago, and Mr. Garnett, of California, have been in session and have embodied the result of their priminary work in a report which will be submitted to the full commission. The members have prepared a list of questions concerning all branches of the subject to be investigated under the heads "Metallic Cur-"Demand Obligations" and Banking," which are being sent broadcast over the country to bankers, merchants, students of finance and all others whose replies are likely to be of service to the commission.

Federal Troops at State Fair Washington, October 9.-The secre-

tary of war has ordered troop E., Sixin United States cavalry, stationed at Fort Myer, Va., consisting of fifty men to proceed at once to Lynchburg, Va., to be in attendance at the state fair, game of foot ball here this afternoon to be held at that point October 12th, between Guilford and the university 15th. Lieutenant E. F. Brooke will be in charge.

THE NEW YORK MAYORALTY

PRESS IN THE CAMPAIGN

England in Need of Soldiers for Her Many Small Wars-British Army to Adopt an "Infernal" Builet-The Egyptian Question-England and France Near Collision in West Africa-Spain's Deplorable Condition-The Big Strike in England

(Copyright by the Associated Press.) London, October 9.-Not even in the case of a presidential campaign in the United States have the English newspapers displayed such interest as they are now taking in the struggle preparatory to the election of a mayor of Greater New York. Even the heavy weeklies today devote much space to the subject. The Spectator and The Speaker both print long articles on the mayoralty con-

The Speaker says: "Never since the days of imperial Athens, of republican Rome, has a municipal contest involved such important issues. Many a king has not had so much power as the mayor of Greater New York will have."

Continuing, The Speaker expresses the opinion that the success of the Tammany ticket would not merely mean victory for the "plunderers of New York," but the "triumph of the silverites at the next presidential election."

The Spectator says it dreads the success of Tammany, and asserts that the election is a matter of deep interest to by Stock's. From this point on he conthe whole civilized world. After out- tinued to break the world's records lining the immense power which the fu- against time, and on the twenty-sixth ture mayor of Greater New York will have, The Spectator remarks: "The success of such an elected officer will almost realize Carlyle's ideal of a demo- he rode 32 miles, 652 yards, breaking cratic king. On the other hand, should the one hour world's record, which was failure attend this great experiment, it will be felt throughout Europe, as well don. as America, and will sound the doom of the principle of democratic self government in vast modern cities."

Lord Wolseley, commander-in-chief of the British forces, is making desperate efforts to surmount the difficulties which Great Britain is experiencing in finding troops for her numerous small wars. That the government is at its wits' end to secure the additional 10,000 men which parliament will be asked to add to the permanent strength of the army, is shown by the plan elaborated by the war office, by which the volunteers of Great Britain will be liable for service abroad in case of war. Up to the present, it has been impossible to call upon them for duty abroad, only for the defence of the colonies and in exceptional cases. The proposition, however, is regarded as threatening to smash up the volunteer force.

The British government is also considering the adoption of an infernal bullet, invented in Birmingham. This bullet is made of lead and, instead of being conical, the top is level and has a cup like cavity. On entering flesh, this bullet acts like a punch, cutting a clean, round hole which does not close. It is a question whether its use would not be a breach of the international convention. In spite of the French Ballons d'Essai suggesting a European coalition to turn Great Britain out of Egypt, the evacuation of that country by the British troops was probably never so remote as it is now. Indeed, signs point to the possible deposition of the khedive of Egypt, whose attitude lately has not been as submissive as the British agent and minister plenipotentiary, Lord Cromer, desires, in which event a British protec. torate will inevitably follow. Russia, it is said, has effectually snubbed the French efforts to make the Egyptian

question a European one. The difficulties in west Africa between the British and French are assuming definite form. The French expedition consisting of 500 soldiers and 2,000 carriers, has started from Porto Novo, on the coast of Dahomey, for Mikki, whence it proceeds to Hinterland of Lagos. The French officials are said to have pressed natives of Lagos and their canoes into the service of the expedition. As Lagos is a British colony, this action upon the part of France is not likely to pass with. out strong protests. Thus far the marquis of Salisbury has not shown a sign of yielding an iota of the British claims in the Hinterland, and the authorities at Lagos have been preparing for some time past to circumvent the French plans. They have already sent numerous reinforcements of troops and gunboats to the front, and on Friday they ordered Captain Frederick Lugart, a thoroughly experienced officer of the Royal Niger Company to go to the front. All the steamers from Liverpool to the west coast of Africa are taking officers, troops and large quantities of munitions

In addition to this attempt at colonial expansion upon the part of the French in west Africa, France is apparently preparing to swallow the kingdom of Siam. An American diplomat, who has just arrived from Madrid, says the condition of Spain is even worse than the corre spondents depict. Whoever is sent to uba, he adds, will attempt to buy off the insurgent leaders. The diplomat further says that the Spanish government is so hard pressed for money that it is attempting to sell all the public land and buildings that can possibly be spared. Not only have the soldiers been unpaid since last March, but the pension lists are in arrears.

All social intercourse between the American minister at Madrid and the siastically received. The principal ad-Spanish officials, and the diplomatic dress was by Senator Foraker, of Ohio. corps had been suspended for more than a year. This was partly due to the fact that Hannis Taylor, the former United States minister to Spain, was a persona non grata to most of the members of the diplomatic corps. For eighteen months, Mr. Taylor had not been on speaking terms with the French and Austrian ambassadors, and with the papal nuncio. The rupture with the French ambassador was because Mr. Taylor protested against being omitted from the list of guests at a reception given by the ambassador.

There is no indication of an improvement in the engineering strike, 70,000 men are now idle. There is almost a certainty of a general strike throughout the shipbuilding establishments involving another 20,000 men. The strike has already entailed the loss of \$3,750,000 and is calculated to reach \$10,000,000 by Christmas. The railroad employes threaten to add to the chaos. They are to hold a great conference at Birmingham in a few days and will formulate demands, which the companies say it is impossible for them to grant, and in the event of the latter's refusal, a general strike of 150,000 railroad workers, which will probably mean the idling of 1,500,000 others will follow. The liberal newspapers, headed by The Daily Chronicle and The Westminister Gazette are advocating war to the death, and have opened subscription lists urging a levy upon all unions in support of the striking engineers and to befriend trade unionism, whose very existence, they tive from the prior midnight of the day say, is at stake,

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicion

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

Bicycle Races

Philadelphia, October 9.- Jimmie Michael, in his trial today on the Willow Grove track to break the world's records from one-third of a mile to thirty-three miles, paced, with a flying start, failed to break any records until the eleventh mile, which distance he covered in 19:59 1-5, breaking Stock's record of 20:10 4-5. He broke the twelve mile world's record; time 21:51; best previous time being Stock's, 22:01 1-5 The thirteen mile record was also broken. Time 23:43 2-5; the best previous world's record was 23:54 3-5, made mile he broke his own competition record. Time 47:29 3-5. His competitive record was 51:20 3-5. Stock's record against time was 48:24 3-5. In one hour

Racine, Wis., October 9.-The Nation al Circuit bicycle races closed here

today. Professional-One mile; open. Eddle Bald, Buffalo, won; Nat Butler, Boston, second; W. E. Becker, Minneapolis,

third. Time 2:17 4-5. Two-Mile 1 rofessional Handicap-F. C. Hoyt, Bridgeport, Conn., 35 yards, first: Charles Wells, San Francisco, yards, second; A. J. Wellep, Milwaukee, 165 yards, third; Owen Kimble, Louisville, 25 yards, fourth. Time 4:44 1-5.

Charged With Helnous Crimes

Jacksonville, Fla., October 9.-Jacksonville has been stirred today by one of the most revolting crimes ever brought to light here. George Barker, white, who has been employed as a mail carrier for several years past, is under arrest charge with having criminal intercourse with no less than a dozen little girls, ranging from 8 to 12 years of age. The charge against Barker was brought by E. C. Bettelini, whose little 10-year-old girl fell a victim to Barker's vile craving. A warrant was sworn out for Bark. er last night, but when the officers went to arrest him, he had fled. Telegrams were sent all over the state this morning. and he was caught near Gainesville. He admits taking impropr liberties with the child, but denies assaulting her. He added that he would rather be dead than alive. Barker will be brought back here for trial, and the penalty is death. Great excitement prevails, but it is believed that the law will be allowed to take its

Death of a Veteran Naval Officer.

Washington, October 9.-The navy department has been informed of the death at St. Elizabeth asylum this morning of Rear Admiral John Mellen Brady Clitz, who was placed on the retired list in 1883. The admiral came of military stock, his father being a prominent figure in the war of 1812. He entered the navy in 1837, and saw service in the Mexican war, being on the Hecla at the capitulation of Vera Crus and at Tuxpan. During the last was he was on the blockade fleet in the attacks on Fort Fisher, and was specially commended by Admiral Porter. He was born in Sackett's Harbor, New York, in 1821.

Sparks

Attorney General McKenna has issued an official statement announcing: that the government has decided not to appeal the Union Pacific foreclosure suit, but to allow the road to be sold on November 1st.

President McKinley has decided the details of his trip to Ohio. He will arrange his affairs so as to go to Canton on election day, and the next day will go to Pittsburg, to be present on founders' day at the Carnegie public. library.

Republican Ratification Meeting

New York, October 9.- The republican municipal nominations were ratified tonight at a mass meeting at Cooper Union. Every seat in the big hall was occupied. General Tracey was enthu-His chief attention was given to an analysis of the records of the opposition tickets in the field and included a strong arraignment of Low as "a passive republican" and acknowledged free trader. Henry George's name was received with mingled cheers and

It is Not the Guiteau Pistol

Washington, October 9 .- The whereabouts of the long lost revolver used by Guiteau, in the assassination of President Garfield, which the police authorities several days ago announced had been found and turned over to them are apparently still a mystery. The weapon which the police hold, and which is said to have been in the possession of the late Judge Advocate General Swaim, U. S. A., is a wooden handle, while the newspaper records examined today unfformly describes the weapon as having a wihte bone or ivory handle.

When the Dingley Bill Went Into Effect Washington, Octobr 9 .- Acting Secretary Spaulding said today that the treasury department will appeal to the courts from the decision of the general board of appraisers in New York yesterday, holding that the Dingley tariff bill did not go into effect until the actual moment it was signed. The department still maintains that the law was opera.